

CONCLUSION:

It is hypothesized that vitamin D could improve the outcome of endodontic treatment in diabetic patients with clear effects over glucose homeostasis, response and release of insulin and alveolar bone formation(13).Diabetes Mellitus is now prevalent among people of all ages because of its multiple causes of occurrence.Dental Caries is the most common oral disease prevalent in developed and developing countries.So Dental Caries in Diabetic patients may lead to pulpal and periapical diseases.So this study is done to create awareness among public and dental practitioners about the relationship between diabetes mellitus and pulpal&periapical diseases.

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